

# WBS 6.5 : Tile Calorimeter Management Overview

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Conceptual Design Review of the High luminosity LHC Detector Upgrades
National Science Foundation
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#### **USATLAS TileCal L2 Construction Mgr**

- Mark Oreglia, Professor of Physics, The University of Chicago
- Has been a member of ATLAS and the Tile Calorimeter team from the beginning (1995)
- US ATLAS Level-2 Tile Calorimeter Upgrade Construction mgr
  - Was co-leader of the CERN Tile upgrade R&D effort 2012-15
  - Was USATLAS L2 manager for TileCal upgrade R&D 2012-15
  - Authored the TileCal section of the summer 2015 upgrade scoping doc
  - Currently assisting the TileCal Project Leader in orchestrating the upgrade
- Leads the R&D effort at UChicago to design and prototype front-end boards and main control boards for the upgraded electronics
- Previous Experiments: Crystal Ball (SLAC), CCFR (FNAL), OPAL (LEP/CERN)



#### **Outline**

- Overview
  - Tile Calorimeter, Physics-driven upgrade, scope
- Organization
  - TileCal structure: International and US
- US Deliverables
  - Basis of estimation
- Costing
- Schedule
- Risk, Contingency
- List of BoEs



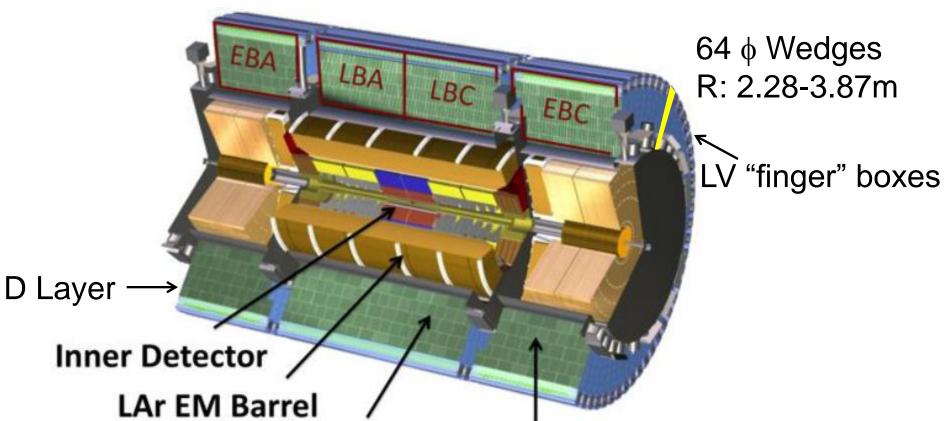
#### **WBS 6.5: Tile Calorimeter**

- This is the outer (hadronic) calorimeter
  - Preceded by LAr EM calorimeter
  - Steel/scintillator calorimeter measures ~35% of jet energy
- Upgrade institutions, WBS-L3, and subsystem managers:
  - University of Chicago, 6.5.1, (UC) Mark Oreglia
    - 6.5.1.1: Main Boards (MB of front-end electronics)
  - University of Texas/Arlington (UTA), 6.5.2, Kaushik De
    - 6.5.2.2: Preprocessor (PPR, back-end DAQ), Giulio Usai
    - o 6.5.2.4: Low Voltage "bricks" (LVproduction), Haleh Hadavand
  - Michigan State university, 6.5.3, (MSU) Joey Huston
    - 6.5.3.3: ELMB++ Motherboards (ELMB-MB, LV system)
  - Northern Illinois University (NIU), 6.5.4, Dhiman Chakraborty
    - 6.5.4.2: Low Voltage "boxes" (LVassembly)



#### The Current Tile Calorimeter

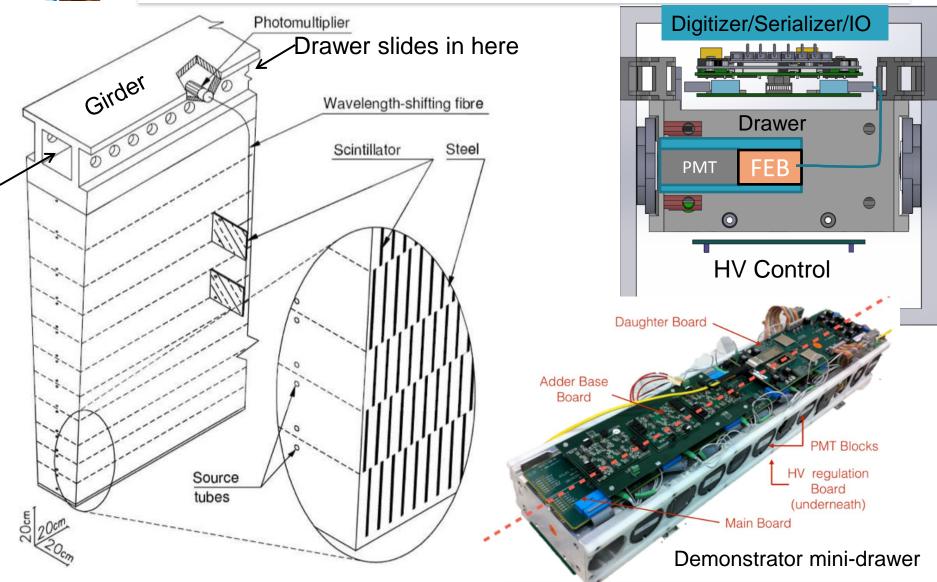
4 "barrels", 256 modules



Tile Barrel Tile Extended Barrel



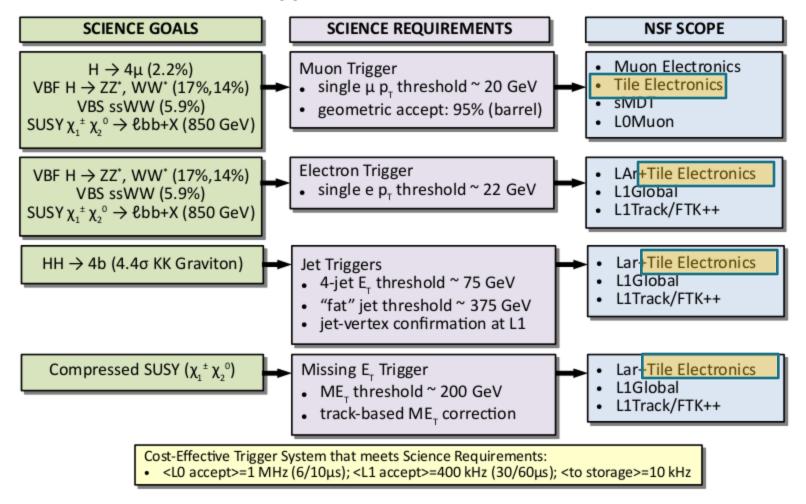
## Tile Wedge Structure





## Physics ⇒ Technology

The Physics mission requires readout of the full granularity of Tile at the 1 MHz L0 trigger rate

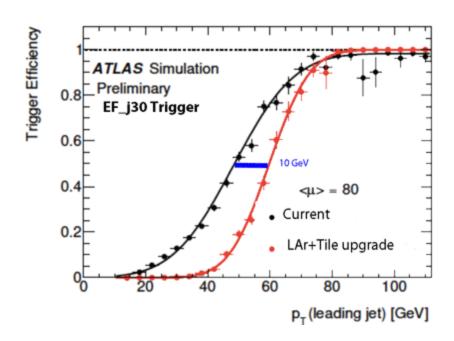




## 2 Examples: Physics Impact

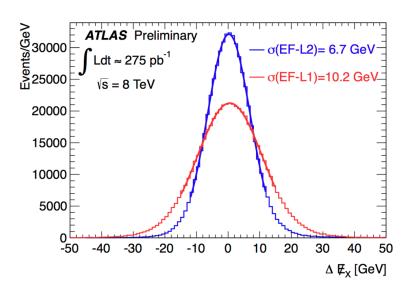
#### Jet Trigger Rate

- Energy resolution improved:
  - lower noise
  - better pileup handling
- factor 10 improvement in trigger rate



#### Missing Energy Resolution

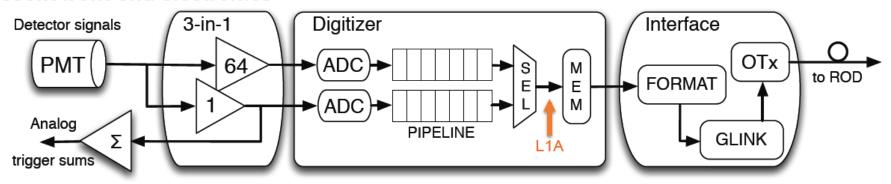
- Inability to read-out digital data at 40 MHz will hugely impact missing-Et and Ht triggers.
- Here are distributions when missing-Et is calculated with the analog sums (L1) and digital data (L2):
- You can see that the digital data gives much smaller noise to missing-Et.
- The improvement is much higher at \mu=200.

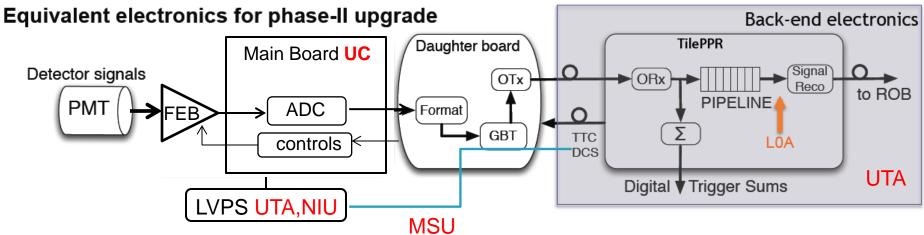




#### **New vs Old Electronics**

#### Present front-end electronics





NB: New electronics already prototyped ("Demonstrator")



# International ATLAS Tile Scoping, Identification of Expertise

- 2012 LOI and 2015 scoping established the full scope of needed Tile upgrade
- Tile Institute Board has agreed on undertaking of upgrade tasks by the traditional Tile institutions:
- good match between interest and expertise
- unofficial money-matrix covers the scope adequately
- Agreements on task sharing were made

	0 - 100 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Item	Intentions/Interests for production
Mini-drawers	Romanian cluster, IFAE, Clermont consulting
LVPS	UTA, Pisa, Prague AS and CU (ANL consulting), MSU (ELMB)
Active Dividers	To be found, Testbench to be handed by Clermont
FEB+MB	Chicago, Clermont shared In half in items (ANL consulting)
DaughterBoard	Stockholm
HV system	LIP, Prague AS and CU (to specify item) + Clermont help + ANL consulting(if HV opto)
TilePPr, i/f to TDAQ	Valencia, Wits, UTA
New DCS	LIP, MSU (also for ELMB developments)
PMT block	Dubna + to be found
PMTs robustness	Pisa, [Yerevan], UTA (have lifetime bench), Clermont
Optics	counters: Dubna, Wits, Protvino, CERN, MSU; fibers: LIP
MA-PMTs	Dubna, Minsk, CERN, Protvino, ANL(S.Ch), Pisa, MSU, UTA, synergies w/ ALFA
Laser system	Clermont (consulting), Pisa, LIP, CERN
Cs system	Protvino, CERN

10



## **US/NSF** Deliverables

- 6.5.1.1 (UC): Main Boards of front-end system
  - designed old and new front-end systems (demonstrator)
- 6.5.2.2 (UTA-1): Pre-processor TDAQi (interface boards)
  - has expertise in original "ROD" preprocessor and development of demonstrator back-end electronics
- 6.5.3.3 (MSU): motherboards for LV control
  - experts on Detector Control Systems since the beginning
- 6.5.2.4 (UTA-2): LV Power System (50% of LV "bricks")
- 6.5.4.4 (NIU): LV Assembly (50% of LV "boxes")
  - US redesigned LV system after original system started failing; vast improvement

ATLAS	ATLAS Item	US		NSF F	raction
WBS	(Scoping Doc)	WBS	Deliverable	Design	Production
4	Tile Calorimeter	6.5	Tile Calorimeter		21%
4.1	Drawer Mechanics				-
4.1.1	Mini-drawers				-
4.1.2	Tools/Mechanics				-
4.2	On-detector Electronics				32%
4.2.1	PMT Dividers				_
4.2.2	FE Boards				_
4.2.3	Main Boards	6.5.1.1	Main Boards	100%	100%
4.2.4	Daughter Boards				-
4.2.5	LVPS System				53%
	ELMB++				-
	ELMB++ Motherboards	6.5.3.3	ELMB++ Motherboards	100%	100%
	LVPS	6.5.x.4	LVPS	100%	50%
4.2.6	HV System				-
4.3	Off-detector Electronics				18%
4.3.1	TilePPR				_
	TilePPr				-
	Tile TDAQi	6.5.2.2	TDAQi	100%	100%
4.4	Infrastructure				-
4.4.1	Services				-

11



#### **Organizational Structure**

#### International TileCal:

- Institute Board: lead representatives from each contributing institution; meets 3 times per year and for ad hoc issues
- Upgrade R&D group: co-leaders coordinate the R&D for construction and testing of a demonstrator; meet approx. 4 times per year for "Expert Weeks"

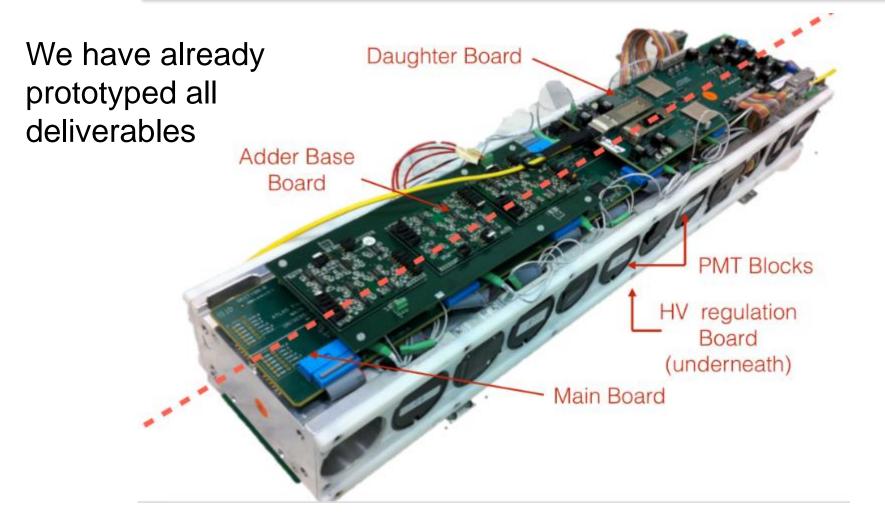
#### USATLAS:

- Level-2 Tile R&D Manager (A. Paramonov) coordinates R&D on US deliverables; scrubbing meetings with USATLAS management anually.
   Progress reports quarterly to USATLAS.
- Level-2 Tile Production Manager (M. Oreglia) liases with Tile Project Leader, CERN R&D managers, ATLAS Upgrade Steering group, USATLAS R&D manager. Coordinates construction of US deliverables and reports to USATLAS.



# Before I describe costing: A Demonstrator Mini-drawer

2 versions, 10 units fabricated to date





#### **Cost and Effort Estimates**

(more details in the BOEs)

- For MB, ELMB-MB, and LV: upgrade is essentially the old system with new components, thus very good check on cost estimate
- The cost estimates are rather detailed and based on production of several demonstrator prototypes
  - actual or similar Bill of Materials with quotes from vendors for FY18
  - effort estimates based on the original construction, refined by the recent experience building and testing boards for the demonstrator
    - The FEB, Main Boards, LVPS bricks and boxes are very similar in production scope to the current versions ... which we built!
    - The PreProcessor cards are new, ATCA technology, but we have the experience of constructing the demonstrator prototypes
- The method of estimation is therefore a combination of
  - Engineering Build-Up: PPR, ELMB-MB
  - Extraplolate from Actuals: MB, LV



# **Cost Profile by Task**

Dolivorable/Item/Dhace	EV20	EV21	EV22	EV22	EV24	Grand Tota
5.5.1 Tile_Chicago	592	856	277	32	33	1,79
6.5.1.1 Main Board	592	856	277	32	33	1,79
Production Procurement	456	456	0	0	0	91
Production PCB Assembly	136	137	0	0	0	27
Production Burn-in	0	175	180	0	0	35
Production Diagnose & Repair	0	37	38	0	0	-
Ship to CERN	0	20	27	0	0	4
Accceptance Test	0	31	31	8	8	7
Management	0	0	0	24	25	4
5.5.2 Tile UTA	461	581	313	65	0	1.47
6.5.2.2 Preprocessor	65	262	232	65	0	62
Pre-Prod Parts Procurement/QA	31	0	0	0	0	3
Pre-Prod PCB Assembly, QA	19	0	0	0	0	
Pre-Prod Board Testing	15	0	0	0	0	
Parts Procurement/Q&A	0	113	110	0	0	2
PCB Assembly, QA	0	20	8	0	0	
Burn-in	0	63	52	31	0	14
Repairs	0	65	62	22	0	14
Shipping	0	0	0	12	0	-
6.5.2.4 Low Voltage Power Supply	397	320	82	0	0	79
Pre-prod Parts Procurement	39	0	0	0	0	-
Pre-prod PCB Fab and Assy	19	0	0	0	0	
Pre-prod Basic Checkout and Burn-in	34	0	0	0	0	
Pre-prod Repairs	21	0	0	0	0	
Pre-prod Test Equipment	19	0	0	0	0	
Parts Procurement	119	122	0	0	0	2
PCB Fabr & Assy	67	61	0	0	0	12
Basic Checkout & Burn-in	54	92	50	0	0	19
Repairs	11	20	19	0	0	1
	11	22	11	0	0	
Management Shipping	2	3	2	0	0	- '
5.5.3 Tile_MSU	84	80	90	78	0	3
<del>-</del>	1 1	- 1				3
6.5.3.3 ELMB++ Motherboards	<b>84</b> 84	<b>80</b> 0	<b>90</b> 0	<b>78</b>	0	
Pre-Prod Burn-in, Test & Repair	0	44	44	0	0	
Parts Procurement/Q&A Burn-in/Test/Repair	0	33	44	73	0	1
Shipping	0	3	4	5	0	1.
5.5.4 Tile_NIU	144	203	42	56	0	4
6.5.4.4 LVPS Assembly	144	203	42	56	0	4
Final Design	48	0	0	0	0	-
Pre-Prod Procurement	63	0	0	0	0	
Pre-Prod Assembly	11	0	0	0	0	
Pre-Prod Burn-in, Test & Repair	15	0	0	0	0	
Pre-Prod Diagnostics & Repair	7	0	0	0	0	
Test Equipment	0	64	0	0	0	
Production Procurement	0	139	0	0	0	1
Production Assembly	0	0	11	2	0	-
Production Burn-in/Checkout	0	0	14	14	0	
Production Diagnose & Repair	0	0	17	18	0	
Shipping	0	0	0	22	0	
NSF Grand Total	1,282	1,720	723	231	33	3,98

6.5.1.1 Main Board
Production Procurement
Production PCB Assembly
Production Burn-in
Production Diagnose & Repair
Ship to CERN
Accceptance Test
Management



## **Main Board Costing**

- Commercial components; have BOM and quotes
  - Assume 20% discount from retail based on much experience
- Complex PCB assembly; have experience with assembly firm, and production quote
  - Yield assumed at >90% based on demonstrator
- Labor and schedule estimated from both recent demonstrator experience and original cost book from production of current motherboards
  - Very similar burn-in procedure and same number of boards

WBS	Deliverable	FTE	Labor	M&S	Travel	Total
6.5.1.1	Main Boards	5.2	\$648,939	\$1,109,614	\$31,340	\$1,789,893



### **TDAQi** Costing

- This component not precisely prototyped for demonstrator
  - But architecture has been established (based on flexibility achievable using an advanced FPGA)
  - Have BOM and experience assembling similarly complex PCB for demonstrator
- Labor estimated from extrapolation from original "sROD" production

WBS	Deliverable	FTE	Labor	M&S	Travel	Total
6.5.2.2	Preprocessor	3.5	\$358,306	\$241,600	\$23,130	\$623,036



# **ELMB Motherboard Costing**

- Extremely similar to current system
- Component and board costs based on cost of old system
- Labor estimate taken from actual effort in producing old system

WBS	Deliverable	FTE	Labor	M&S	Travel	Total
6.5.3.3	ELMB++ Motherboards	1.6	\$211,185	\$66,360	\$54,120	\$331,665



## LV System Costing

- Based on production of 48 units for demonstrator
  - and production of 2100 similar units in current system
- New design is minor modification of existing system
  - Completely replaced on current ATLAS detector in 2014, so have recent experience in cost and effort
  - Well documented (see BoE)

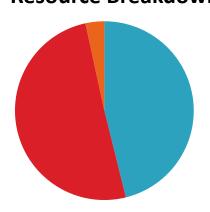
WBS	Deliverable	FTE	Labor	M&S	Travel	Total
6.5.2.4	LVPS Production	6.0	\$389,342	\$400,767	\$8,000	\$798,109
6.5.4.4	LVPS Assembly	1.4	\$232,419	\$193,950	\$19,275	\$445,644



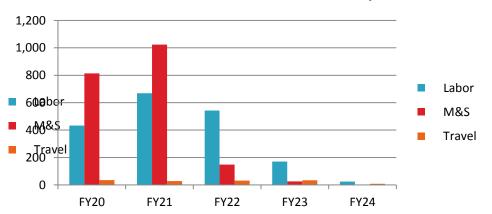
#### **L2 Total Cost**

6.5	Tile Cal	orimeter N	SF Total	Level 2 (	Cost (AY	<b>(\$)</b>
	EV20	FV24	EV22	EV22	FV2.4	Cuand Tatal
	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Grand Total
NSF						
Labor	433	669	542	171	25	1,840
M&S	814	1,023	149	26	0	2,012
Travel	35	28	32	34	8	136
NSF Total	1,282	1,720	723	231	33	3,988

WBS 6.5 Tile Calorimeter L2 NSF Resource Breakdown



# WBS 6.5 Tile Calorimeter L2 NSF Fiscal Year Costs AYk\$





# **Effort**

#### No new effort!

#### Accurate estimate from similar task constructing original detector

6.5 Tile Calo	rimeter	NSF Tota	al FTEs b	y Deliver	able	
Deliverable/Item	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Grand Total
Main Board	0.30	2.45	2.20	0.10	0.10	5.15
6.5.1.1 Main Board	0.30	2.45	2.20	0.10	0.10	5.15
Preprocessor	0.26	1.44	1.36	0.42	-	3.48
6.5.2.2 Preprocessor	0.26	1.44	1.36	0.42	-	3.48
ELMB++MB	0.45	0.37	0.47	0.35	-	1.64
6.5.3.3 ELMB++MB	0.45	0.37	0.47	0.35	-	1.64
LVPS	2.77	2.86	1.55	0.27	-	7.45
6.5.2.4 LVPS	2.23	2.51	1.28	-	-	6.02
6.5.4.4 LVPS Assembly	0.54	0.35	0.27	0.27	-	1.42
NSF Grand Total	3.78	7.12	5.59	1.14	0.10	17.72

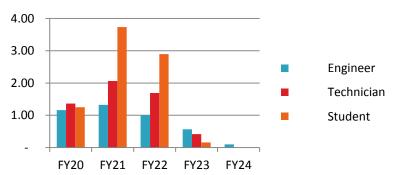


# Labor by Type

6.5 Tile Calorin	neter NSI	F Total F	TEs by la	bor type	)	
Deliverable/Item/Labor Type	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	<b>Grand Total</b>
6.5.1 Tile_Chicago	0.30	2.45	2.20	0.10	0.10	5.15
6.5.1.1 Main Board	0.30	2.45	2.20	0.10	0.10	5.15
Engineer	0.10	0.50	0.40	0.10	0.10	1.20
Technician	0.20	0.95	0.80	-	-	1.95
Student	-	1.00	1.00	-	-	2.00
6.5.2 Tile_UTA	2.49	3.95	2.64	0.42	-	9.50
6.5.2.2 Preprocessor	0.26	1.44	1.36	0.42	-	3.48
Engineer	0.26	0.40	0.32	0.16	-	1.14
Technician	-	0.52	0.52	0.26	-	1.30
Student	-	0.52	0.52	-	-	1.04
6.5.2.4 Low Voltage Power Supply	2.23	2.51	1.28	-	-	6.02
Engineer	0.11	0.17	0.08	-	-	0.36
Technician	0.87	0.35	0.20	-	-	1.42
Student	1.25	2.00	1.00	-	-	4.25
6.5.3 Tile_MSU	0.45	0.37	0.47	0.35	-	1.64
6.5.3.3 ELMB++ Motherboards	0.45	0.37	0.47	0.35	-	1.64
Engineer	0.23	0.10	0.11	0.24	-	0.68
Technician	0.23	0.06	0.08	0.04	-	0.41
Student	-	0.21	0.28	0.07	-	0.56
6.5.4 Tile_NIU	0.54	0.35	0.27	0.27	-	1.42
6.5.4.4 LVPS Assembly	0.54	0.35	0.27	0.27	-	1.42
Engineer	0.47	0.16	0.09	0.07	-	0.78
Technician	0.07	0.19	0.09	0.11	-	0.46
Student	-	-	0.09	0.09	-	0.18
NSF Grand Total	3.78	7.12	5.59	1.14	0.10	17.72
Engineer	1.16	1.32	1.01	0.57	0.10	4.16
Technician	1.37	2.06	1.69	0.42	-	5.53
Student	1.25	3.73	2.89	0.16	-	8.03

As these Tile projects are at universities, we benefit from low-cost labor by **undergrads**: it's good experience for them! They are qualified to monitor the burn-in and testing.

# WBS 6.5 Tile Calorimeter NSF Labor Types





not support by Project

Other

# **Level 4 Timeline**

**Driven by CERN Scoping Document and installation schedule** 

/BS	Deliverable/Task	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26
	NSF Milestones		<b>▼</b> PDR	FD	R V NSB A	pproves Construc	ction Start				
	Tile Milestones		Tile Upgrade	TDR						Begin LHC	re-start
			<b>▼</b> FE Board								
x.1	Main Board		Decision					CI	ERN required d	late (1st delivery)	
	Pre-production		R&D and pre-prod	duction							
	Production								V CERN	required date (La	st delivery
	Installation & Commissioning										
5.x.2	Preprocessor										
	Pre-production		R&D						CERN r	required date (1st	
	Production									CERN require	ed (last de
	Installation & Commissioning							-	<del></del>		
5.x.3	ELMB++ Motherboards										
	Pre-production										
	Production										
								ELMB a			
5.x.4	Low Voltage Power Supply							LV brick			
	LVPS Pre-production		R&D and pre-proc	duction				needed			
	LVPS Production (bricks)							LV asse	<del>i</del> mbly		
	Assembly Design/Prototype	R8	kD, testbeam	(FEB and							
	Assembly Pre-Construction	calibra	ation), system	integration				CF	ERN required d	late (1st delivery)	,
	Assembly Construction (boxes)	Cambre							V CERN	required date (La	st delivery
	Installation & Commissioning		some procuie	antenia						Ì	

Float



#### **External Dependencies**

no showstoppers

- MB: burn-in to be done with front-end cards supplied by Clermont
  - Could use cards from demonstrator for MB production
- PPR: no external dependency –
- ELMB Motherboard: needs ELMB++ chip supplied by ATLAS
  - Could run motherboard testing using ELMB++ surrogate
- LV system: no external dependency -



#### **System Integration**

- Gary Drake, EE at UC and ANL, has been asked to act as Integration Engineer for Tile
  - He has long-time knowledge of Tile electronics
  - He designed and produced the new LV system in current detector
  - Since 2012 he has been the Project Manager for the CERN Tile Upgrade R&D (Demonstrator Project)
- Gary's contributions were am important reason for the progress and success we have had in the demonstrator project
- Main Responsibilities:
  - Organize "Expert Weeks" during R&D and pre-production era
  - Organize reviews of final design and check that CERN requirements have been satisfied
    - o TDAQ specs; radiation certification
  - Monitor schedule, identify problems and ensure they are addressed
  - Interact with international ATLAS/Tile
  - Oversee delivery to CERN and acceptance testing



#### Risks

- Risks all low because of working demonstrator prototype
- Cost risk: very low
  - have BOMs from demonstrator; cost goes down for CERN bulk purchases
  - only assuming 20% bulk discount from retail (it's usually higher)
  - FPGAs likely to go down in cost; we are using quotes for FY18
- Schedule risk: low
  - not negligible, because Tile installation is early in the schedule
  - but significant float in proposed schedule (12-19 months)
- Technical risk: very low
  - Tile is in lower radiation area
  - electronics design not too sophisticated; often similar to current design
  - main risk: replacement component does not meet radiation standard



# **Budget Contingency (1)**

- 35% for low-risk system, rather conservatively applied:
  - Material Contingency Rule 4 :
    - "25-40% contingency on: items that can be readily estimated from a reasonably detailed but not completed design; items adapted from existing designs but with minor modifications, produced within the previous two years, with documented costs. A recent vendor survey based on a preliminary design belongs here."
    - In fact, parts quotes exist, but purchases to be made in FY20,21.
  - Labor Contingency Rule 3:
    - "25-40% contingency for a task that is conventional, well defined and tends to be repeatable with good confidence but can expect small fluctuations; .for example, testing of production electronics components (most boards take the same unit time, a few take longer); for example, fabrication of multiple similar components but which are not an assembly-line process; for example, design labor for conventional items which offer little to no technical risk."
    - Effort estimate is solid, but assume 2.5% inflation in rates



# **Budget Contingency (2)**

- MB: have BOM's and good estimate of effort from demonstrator (production of 10 Main Boards); supported by actual labor for original motherboard production at UC
- PPR/TDAQi: have good estimate of BOM from PPR+TDAQ demonstrator prototype. Effort well estimated from original ROD production.
- ELMB-MB/DCS: very similar to existing motherboard, and have detailed production estimate from lead engineer.
- LV System: production effort and material virtually identical to 2014 replacement of current LV system. Well documented production plan.



#### **Scope Contingency**

- Decision to be made by management, consultation with Int'l ATLAS
- For all subsystems, by late FY21 we will know:
  - actual parts cost
  - failure rate ⇒ repair effort
- If infusion of funds not possible from contingency or Int'l ATLAS:
  - LV box/assembly production 6.5.4.4 would be the easiest deliverable to hand over:
    - o comes as last electronics effort; last step in LV system chain
    - most likely US task to find someone else to cover expertise at Prague
    - recovers \$397k (11%)
    - o would need to make that decision in CY 2021



## **Scope Opportunity**

- Scope Opportunity ... decided by US management
  - LVPS: there are arguments for building 100% in US
    - US undertakes 50% production in current proposal
    - US has proven track record for this
    - Achieve better product consistency
    - Would cost additional \$1063K
    - BUT ... decision would have to be made by FY21
  - Main Board, if 3in1 front-end board is not chosen:
    - o for ASIC FEB the MBs are simpler, cheaper
    - could use the cost recovered to contribute FEB test stands, etc
      - decision by FY21
    - o again, a decision to be made by management
    - o approximate cost recovery: ~ \$400k



#### "What if?" Scenarios

- Not issues:
  - Tile Calorimeter upgrade is in all CERN scoping scenarios
  - Currency (€,CHF/\$): all purchases from US suppliers
- MB: FEB downselect: decide whether to engage in FEB testing
  - becomes a scope opportunity issue
- Certain parts become unavailable
  - all subsystems use very common components; alternatives will exist
- Critical parts are no longer pass radiation certification
  - not too big an issue, but modest additional cost for re-certification
  - main players: DC-DC converters, FPGAs/microcontrollers, ADCs
    - CERN working on common radiation tolerant DC-DC converters
    - rad-tolerant ADCs being designed by other groups
    - can use fusable microcontrollers
- LHC schedule delay
  - minor impact on parts costs (~inflation)
  - possibility of losing some expert personnel, but they can be replaced
    - only conventional EE skillset needed; project is well documented



#### **BoE List**

- 6.5.1.1 MB: UC
- 6.5.2.2 PPR/ TDAQi: UTA
- 6.5.3.3 ELMB motherboard/DCS: MSU
- 6.5.2,4.4 LV System
  - 6.5.2.4 LV "bricks": UTA
  - 6.5.4.4 LV "boxes" and assembly: NIU



# **Closing Remarks**

- US Deliverables: Main Boards, PPR TDAQi, ELMB-MB/DCS, LVPS
  - developed by US groups with long-time involvement in Tile
  - already proven by Tile demonstrator project
    - o costs and effort well understood ⇒ low risk and well within contingency
- Total construction cost of \$3988K (w/o contingency)
  - 2.8% of total US projects
- Low risks; here are the main ones, all mitigable:
  - MB: new component not radiation tolerant
  - PPR: FPGA cost
  - ELMB motherboard: new component not radiation tolerant
  - LVPS: new component not radiation tolerant



# Backup Slides

- More Physics and Technical Motivation
- Organizational Interactions
- WBS Definitions 6.5.x.1,2
- WBS Definitions 6.5.x.3,4
- Cost Profile by Deliverable
- 6.5.1.1: Main Board (UC)
- 6.5.2.2: Pre-Processor TDAQi (UTA-1)
- 6.5.3.3: ELMB++ Motherboard (MSU)
- 6.5.x.4: LVPS (UTA,NIU)
- Front-end Alternatives: Pending Downselect
- Schedule from Scoping Document
- 6.5 Risk Registry
- L3 Total Cost by Institution
- Effort: FTEs by Task

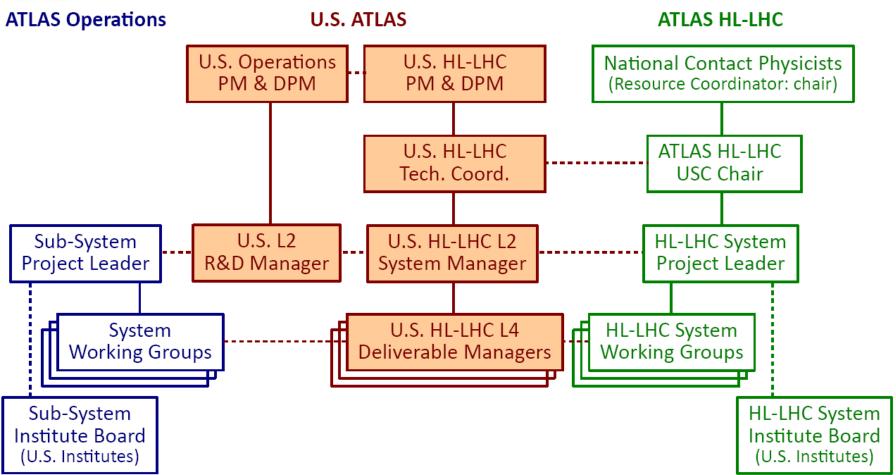


#### **More Physics and Technical Motivation**

- Physics Motivation:
  - Energy resolution impacts jet rates and physics analysis:
    - ~400MeV noise on current copper trigger lines ⇒ optical Tx
    - pileup: get better resolution by storing energies from all cells
      - get longitudinal profile too
  - Missing Energy: dead cells bad for searches
    - increase redundancy and reliability
    - reduce Single Event Upsets
  - Trigger: use information from all cells and configure smart fast triggers in back-end
  - Therefore, send all cell data off-detector: requires new front- and back-end electronics
- Technical Motivation:
  - Radiation: harden electronics, increase redundancy
    - Each drawer φ-half completely independent, has separate:
      - 10 volt feed, FPGA and uplink; one half can take over from the other
    - ALARA-driven safer drawer mechanics: 69cm units instead of 140cm
  - Configurable Trigger
    - Send all cell energies to pre-processor
  - NB: the scintillator tiles and PMTs do not require upgrade



#### **Organizational Interactions**





# WBS Definitions 6.5.x.1,2

WBS#	WBS Title	WBS Dictionary	Level 2 Manager	Collaborating Institution	Funding Source
6.5	Tile Calorimeter	Replacement of readout and associated electronics for the Tile Calorimeter. US deliverables include: develoment of the Main Board, which houses front-end readout electronics; design and construction of data I/O transition modules for use with the Tile Pre-Processor boards; ELMB++ motherboards used in the collection of monitoring data from the detector and electronics; and production and assembly of the TileCal Low Voltage Power Supply system.	M. Oreglia (Chicago)	-	-
WBS#	WBS Title	WBS Dictionary	Deliverable PI	Collaborating Institution	Funding Source
6.5.1.1	Main Boards	This WBS covers the fabrication of main boards (MB) which manage the data flow, power distribution, monitoring, and calibrations of the Tile Calorimeter front-end electronics. This MB is more radiation tolerant than the current ones, which is a requirement for HL-LHC running. The deliverable for WBS 6.5.1.1 is production of 1,100 boards. Additional tasks are parts procurement and monitoring of outsourced assembly, elevated temperature burn-in of cards with testing and repair, and assembly on the "drawer" mechanical structure for acceptance testing at CERN.	M. Oreglia (Chicago)	Chicago	NSF
6.5.2.2	Preprocessor Interface Boards	This WBS covers the design and fabrication of the Trigger DAQ interface (TDAQi) blades which are the rear transition modules of the Tile calorimeter back-end preprocessor (PPR). These boards configure the processed data from the front-end electronics and route data to the DAQ system via the FELIX module and to the LO/L1 Calo and Muon trigger system through dedicated links. The deliverable for WBS 6.5.2.2 is production of 32 boards. Additional tasks are parts procurement and monitoring of outsourced assembly, burn-in of cards in a dedicated setup with validation testing and repairs when needed.	K. De (UTA)	UTA	NSF



## WBS Definitions 6.5.x.3,4

WBS#	WBS Title	WBS Dictionary	Deliverable PI	Collaborating Institution	Funding Source
6.5.3.3	ELMB++Motherboard	This WBS covers the design and fabrication of the motherboard for the new ELMB++ board to be designed for the Tilecal HL-LHC running. The ELMB++ (and its motherboard) is an integral part of DCS control for the Tilecal. The plan is for the new ELMB++ board to allow for greater diagnostic capability for Low Voltage Power Supply failures. The new motherboard, which is mounted in the LV finger box, has to be capable of supporting those new features.  The deliverables for WBS 6.5.3.3 are: (1) design of a new motherboard, (2) prototyping of that board, (3) design and production of test equipment for the motherboard, (4) production of 256 ELMB++ motherboards boards over a two-year period, and (5) follow-up of the integration of the ELMB++ motherboards in the Tilecal LVPS system. Items 1 and 2 are not part of project costs, but will be covered by prototyping/R&D funding. Additional tasks are parts procurement and monitoring of outsourced assembly, elevated temperature burn-in of cards with testing and repair.	J. Huston (MSU)	MSU	NSF
6.5.2.4, 6.5.4.4	Low Voltage Power Supply	This WBS covers the production of the Low Voltage Power Supply for the ATLAS Tile Calorimeter HLLHC upgrade. This version of the LVPS consists of +10 volt modules (bricks); 8 of these bricks are mounted in LVBOXes which are mounted at the end of each Tile Calorimeter drawer. 256 of these boxes are needed for the full calorimeter. The primary deliverable for WBS 6.5.2.4 is production of half (1040) of the total number of bricks and half (130) of the LVBOXes; about 1,140 bricks are produced to account for anticipated yield of 90% over a two-year period. Additional tasks include parts procurement, PCB assembly (outsourced), testing of the bricks at standard and elevated temperature (Burn-in), and repair of faulty bricks. The bricks will be shipped to NIU for inclusion in boxes of eight, tested and shipped to CERN. A transition period from ANL to UTA including	A. Brandt (UTA) H. Hadavand (UTA) D. Charaborty (NIU)	UTA UTA NIU	NSF NSF

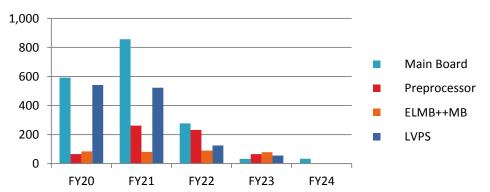


## **Cost Profile by Deliverable**

- front-loaded by procurement bulk purchases and test fixture construction
  - permits construction with ample float and maximal discount

6.5 Tile Calorimeter NSF Total Cost by Deliverable (AYk\$)									
Deliverable/Item	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Total			
Main Board	592	856	277	32	33	1,790			
6.5.1.1 Main Board	592	856	277	32	33	1,790			
Preprocessor	65	262	232	65	0	623			
6.5.2.2 Preprocessor	65	262	232	65	0	623			
ELMB++MB	84	80	90	78	0	332			
6.5.3.3 ELMB++MB	84	80	90	78	0	332			
LVPS	541	523	124	56	0	1,244			
6.5.2.4 LVPS	397	320	82	0	0	798			
6.5.4.4 LVPS Assembly	144	203	42	56	0	446			
NSF Grand Total	1,282	1,720	723	231	33	3,988			

# WBS 6.5 Tile Calorimeter NSF Deliverables Cost AYk\$

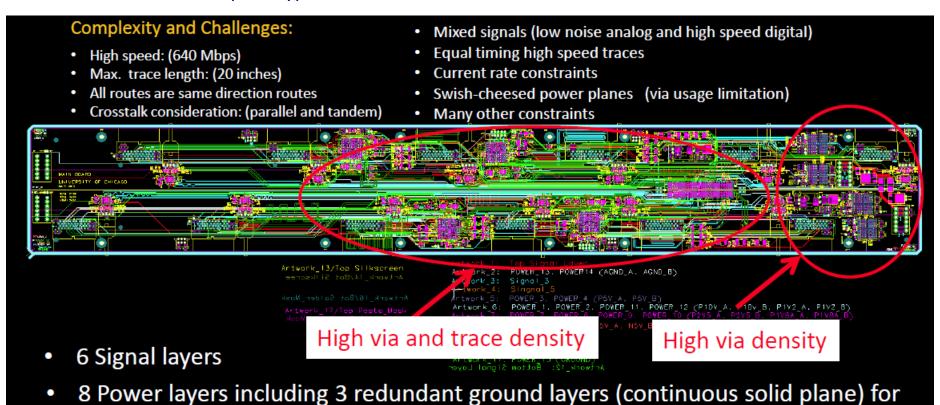




### 6.5.1.1: Main Board (UC)

- interface between FE amplifier/shaper and fast communications DaughterBoard
- 69 cm length , 16 layer board; 1024 needed
- Supplies LV levels, controls, digitization
- into 3<sup>rd</sup> prototype version for demonstrator

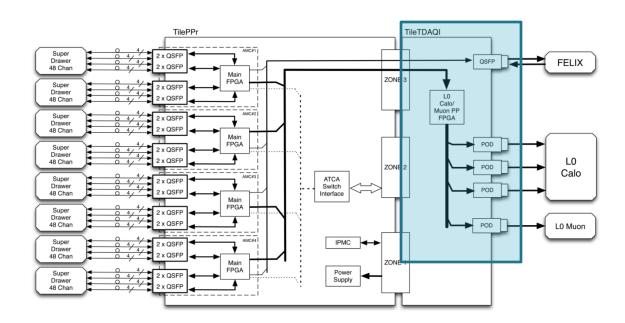
signal integrity and tandem crosstalk reduction





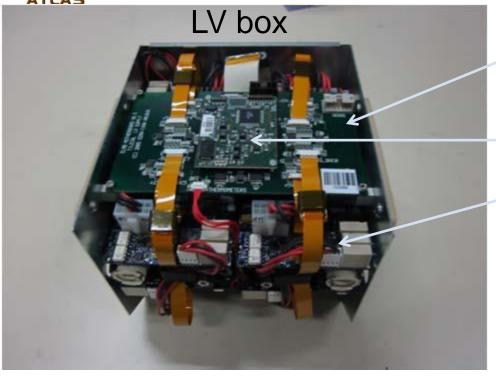
### 6.5.2.2: Pre-Processor TDAQi (UTA-1)

- PPr + TDAQinterface: receive the ADC raw data, process/calibrate, route data
- TDAQi = smart rear transition module on back-end PreProcessor
  - routes processed cell data to DAQ system
  - · send reduced data to trigger processors
- UTA will produce all 32 boards needed
- UTA has long involvement in sROD (PPR) maintenance, debugging
- PPR front-end prototyped for demonstrator; TDAQi designed and costed





### 6.5.3.3: ELMB++ Motherboard (MSU)



#### DCS motherboard

Embedded Local Monitor Board (ELMB):

### Eight 10v "bricks"

- Motherboard with ELMB handles communication between LVbox and Detector Control System
  - set voltages
  - monitor current, temperature
- MSU proposes to design and make all 256 motherboards needed for LV system
- MSU has had longtime role in Tile control systems
- is starting work with CERN to specify ELMB++ specs



### 6.5.x.4: LVPS (UTA, NIU)

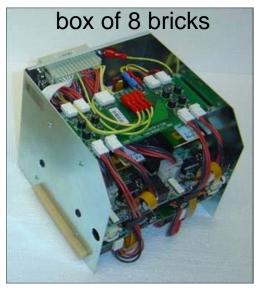
#### UTA makes 50% of bricks; NIU makes/assembles 50% of boxes

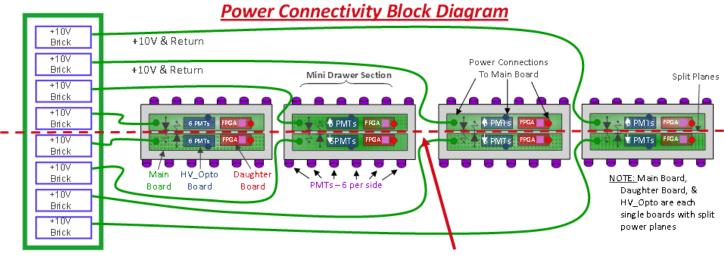
One 10v brick



Each brick supplies 10v to half of a Main Board

- feed point of load regulators
- Board fabricated by vendor
- Burned in and tested at UTA
- NIU:
  - makes boxes
  - assembles with bricks
  - attaches ELMB MB
  - tests





Auxiliary Diode OR:

**Redundancy Line** 



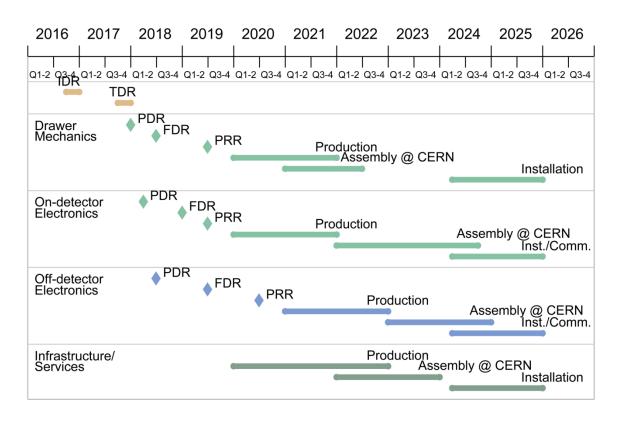
### **Front-end Alternatives:**

**Pending Downselect** 

- Chicago's 3in1 FEB and associated Main Board are the default
  - Performing well in tests and radiation certification
  - Most complicated MB (has ADCs); total MB cost ≈ total FEB cost
  - Shapes pulse and has dual gain ranges
- Two ASIC alternatives being evaluated
  - QIE (ANL): boxcar integrator, 5 gain ranges
  - FATALIC (LPC Clermont-Ferrand): shaped pulse, 3 gain ranges
  - Downselect: by end of CY 2017
- Whatever alternative is chosen, UChicago and LPC will share:
  - Chicago makes the Main Boards (simpler for the ASIC alternatives)
  - LPC manufactures the front-end cards
    - This makes sense especially if an ASIC is used (single point of contact)



### **Schedule from Scoping Document**



- This was an early exercise
- New "drop dead" dates: 6/30/2024 for all on-barrel electronics
   12/31/2024 for off-detector electronics



## 6.5 Risk Registry

HL-LHC Upgra January 4, 2016	ade Project Risk F	Registry for L2 Systems	S Risk E	valuat	ion (L/	′M/H)				
WBS	Title	Risk Owner	Cost	Schedule	Scope	Contingency %	Contingency AYK\$	Average Risk Score	Identified Risks (See BoEs)	
6.5	Tile Calorimeter	Oreglia, Mark				35%	1,310	2.5		
6.5.1.1	Main Board	Oreglia, Mark	L	L	L	35%	626	2.0	*A higher failure rate necessitating more repair, or increased component costs. *late delivery of parts. *Components no longer radiation qualified	
6.5.2.2	Preprocessor	De, Kaushik	L	L	L	35%	213	2.0	*late delivery of parts. *change in parts costs	
6.5.3.3	ELMB++MB	Huston, J	L	L	L	35%	99	2.0	*late delivery of parts. *The ELMB++ is designed to be standard for all DCS communications	
6.5.x.4	LVPS	Brandt A., Charaborty D.	M	L	L	35%	372	3.0	*Transfer of production (from one institution to another) increases schedule uncertainty. *Labor costs less certain due to lack of experience with this production *Card component no longer rad qualified.	



## **L3 Total Cost by Institution**

6.5 Tile Calorimeter NSF Level 3 Cost (AYk\$)								
	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Grand Total		
NSF								
6.5.1 Tile_Chicago	592	856	277	32	33	1,790		
6.5.2 Tile_UTA	461	581	313	65	0	1,421		
6.5.3 Tile_MSU	84	80	90	78	0	332		
6.5.4 Tile_NIU	144	203	42	56	0	446		
NSF Total	1,282	1,720	723	231	33	3,988		



# **Effort: FTEs by Task**

6.5 Tile Ca	Iorimeter NSF	Total FTEs	by Phase
-------------	---------------	------------	----------

Deliverable/Item/Phase	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Grand T
6.5.1 Tile_Chicago	0.30	2.45	2.20	0.10	0.10	!
6.5.1.1 Main Board	0.30	2.45	2.20	0.10	0.10	
Production Procurement	0.10	0.10	-	-	-	(
Production PCB Assembly	0.20	0.20	-	-	-	(
Production Burn-in	-	1.80	1.80	-	-	
Production Diagnose & Repair	-	0.20	0.20	-	-	(
Ship to CERN	-	0.05	0.10	-	-	(
Accceptance Test	-	0.10	0.10	-	-	(
Management	-	-	-	0.10	0.10	(
6.5.2 Tile_UTA	2.49	3.95	2.64	0.42	-	!
6.5.2.2 Preprocessor	0.26	1.44	1.36	0.42	-	
Pre-Prod Parts Procurement/QA	0.04	-	-	-	-	(
Pre-Prod PCB Assembly, QA	0.12	-	-	-	-	(
Pre-Prod Board Testing	0.10	-	-	-	-	(
Parts Procurement/Q&A	-	0.08	0.08	-	_	(
PCB Assembly, QA	-	0.08	-	-	_	
Burn-in	_	0.84	0.76	0.16		
Repairs	_	0.44	0.52	0.16	_	
Shpping	_	-	-	0.10	_	
6.5.2.4 Low Voltage Power Supply	2.23	2.51	1.28	-	_	
Pre-prod Parts Procurement	0.06	-	-	-		
Pre-prod PCB Fab and Assy	0.00		_	- 1		
Pre-prod Basic Checkout and Burn-in	0.50			-		
Pre-prod Repairs	0.30	_	_	- 1		
Pre-prod Test Equipment	0.17	-	-	-		
	1		-	-	-	
Parts Procurement	0.05	0.04	-	-		
PCB Fabr & Assy	0.06	0.06		- 1		(
Basic Checkout & Burn-in	1.21	2.21	1.13	-	-	1
Repairs	0.06	0.10	0.10	-	-	(
Management	0.04 0.01	0.08	0.04 0.01	-		
Shipping						1
6.5.3 Tile_MSU	0.45	0.37	0.47	0.35	-	
6.5.3.3 ELMB++ Motherboards Pre-Prod Burn-in, Test & Repair	<b>0.45</b> 0.45	0.37	0.47	0.35		:
Parts Procurement/Q&A	- 0.43	0.06	0.06			
Burn-in/Test/Repair	-	0.30	0.06	0.32	-	
Shipping	_	0.02	0.02	0.32		
6.5.4 Tile_NIU	0.54	0.02	0.02	0.03		
6.5.4.4 LVPS Assembly	0.54	0.35	0.27	0.27		
Final Design	0.20	-		0.27		
Pre-Prod Procurement	0.20	_	_			
Pre-Prod Assembly	0.25	_		_		
Pre-Prod Burn-in, Test & Repair	0.05		_			
Pre-Prod Diagnostics & Repair	0.05	-	-	-		
Test Equipment	- 0.03	0.27	-			
Production Procurement		0.27	-			
Production Assembly	_	-	0.05	0.02		
Production Assembly Production Burn-in/Checkout	-	-	0.03	0.02		(
Production Diagnose & Repair	_	-	0.14	0.14		(
Shipping	-		0.09	0.09		(
NSF Grand Total	3.78	7.12	5.59	1.14	0.10	17